

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A seal intended for sealing an axis pair (100, 102) in connection with a fluid measurement, whereby the axes (100, 102) rotate in the same direction, the inner one (102) of the axes is inside the outer axis (100) and the phase difference of the axes (100, 102) is arranged to remain within predefined limits, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d~~ in that wherein the seal (200) is a tubular seal made of an elastic material;
the seal (200) comprises at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) fixed to each other;
folds (212, 214) of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) have opposing twisting angles;
one end of the seal (200) is fastened to the outer axis (100) and the other end is fastened to the inner axis (102); and
the seal (200) is arranged to twist by a torque proportional to the phase difference between the axes (100, 102).
2. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d~~ in that wherein at least one tube section (400) of the seal (200) is inside at least one other tube section (402) so that the tube section (400) which is inside and the end (404) of which forms one end of the seal can be fastened to the inner axis (102) and the other end (406) of the seal can be fastened to the outer axis (100).
3. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d~~ in that wherein the tube sections (202, 204) of the seal (200) are in successive order, whereby each tube section (202, 204) increases the length of the seal (200) by its own length.
4. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~e-h-a-r-a-c-t-e-r-i-z-e-d~~ in that wherein the materials of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) differ from each other.

5. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that wherein~~ the wall thicknesses of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) differ from each other.
6. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that wherein~~ the lengths of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) differ from each other.
7. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that wherein~~ the heights of the folds (212, 214) of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) differ from each other.
8. (Currently Amended) A seal as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that wherein~~ the numbers of folds (212, 214) of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) differ from each other.
9. (Currently Amended) A measuring device comprising an axis pair (100, 102) rotating in the same direction, the inner axis (102) being inside the outer axis (100); the measuring device comprises a seal intended for sealing the axis pair; the measuring device is arranged to determine a property of a fluid to be measured when the fluid causes a phase difference between the axes (100, 102) by the torque it has produced, ~~characterized in that wherein~~
 - the seal (200) is a tubular seal made of an elastic material;
 - the seal (200) comprises at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) fixed to each other;
 - folds (212, 214) of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) have opposing twisting angles;
 - one end of the seal (200) is fastened to the outer axis (100) and the other end is fastened to the inner axis (102); and
 - the seal (200) is arranged to twist by a torque proportional to the phase difference between the axes (100, 102).

10. (Currently Amended) A measuring device as claimed in claim 9, ~~e h a r a c t e r i z e d~~ in that wherein the measuring device is arranged to determine the torque of the seal (200) on the basis of the phase difference between the axes (100, 102) as a linear function; the measuring device is arranged to determine the fluid property on the basis of the torque of the seal (200).

11. (Currently Amended) A measuring device as claimed in claim 9, ~~e h a r a c t e r i z e d~~ in that wherein at least one tube section (400) of the seal (200) is inside at least one other tube section (402) so that the tube section (400) which is inside and the end (404) of which forms one end of the seal (200) is fastened to the inner axis (102) and the other end (406) of the seal (200) is fastened to the outer axis (100).

12. (Currently Amended) A measuring device as claimed in claim 9, ~~e h a r a c t e r i z e d~~ in that wherein the ends (404, 406) of the seal (200) are arranged so that they do not twist with respect to each other.

13. (Currently Amended) A measuring method, wherein a property of a fluid is measured on the basis of a phase difference between two axes (100, 102) within each other and rotating in the same direction, the phase difference being produced by the torque between the axes (100, 102) the fluid has caused, ~~e h a r a c t e r i z e d~~ by comprising

producing (500) by means of a seal (200), which is a tubular seal made of an elastic material and comprising at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) fixed to each other, a torque twisting in the opposite direction than the torque caused by the fluid between the axes (100, 102) and being proportional to the phase difference between the axes (100, 102); wherein

each tube section (202, 204, 400, 402) comprises at least one fold (212, 214);

the folds (212, 214) of the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) have opposing twisting angles;

one end of the seal (200) is fastened to the outer axis (100) and the other end is fastened to the inner axis (102);

the phase difference between the axes (100, 102) is measured (502); and the fluid property is determined (504) on the basis of the phase difference.

14. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 13, ~~characterized by~~ furthering comprising determining the torque of the seal on the basis of the phase difference between the axes (100, 102) by means of a linear function, and determining the fluid property on the basis of the determined torque of the seal (200).

15. (Currently Amended) A seal manufacturing method, wherein the seal is intended for sealing an axis pair (100, 102) of a measuring device, whereby the axes (100, 102) rotate in the same direction, the inner one (102) of the axes is inside the outer axis (100) and the phase difference of the axes (100, 102) is arranged to remain within predetermined limits, ~~characterized by~~ comprising

making (600) a tubular seal (200) of an elastic material;

providing (602) the seal (200) with at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402);

providing (604) each tube section (202, 204, 400, 402) with at least one fold (212, 214), the twisting angle of which differs from the direction of the longitudinal axis of the tubular seal (200);

providing (606) the at least two tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) with folds (212, 214) having opposing twisting angles to make the torque caused by the twisting of the seal (200) during the measurement proportional to the phase difference between the axes (100, 102);

providing (608) the seal (200) ends with fastening parts (208, 210), by which the seal (200) can be fastened to the axis pairs (100, 102) in such a manner that one end of the seal (200) is fastened to the outer axis (100) and the other end is fastened to the inner axis (102).

16. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 15, ~~characterized by~~ further comprising manufacturing the tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) separately and fixing the tube sections (202, 204, 400, 402) to each other to form a continuous seal.

17. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 15, ~~characterized by further comprising~~ placing at least one tube section (400) of the seal inside at least one other tube section (402), whereby the tube section (400) which is inside and the end of which forms one end (404) of the seal (200) can be fastened to the inner axis (102) and the other end (406) of the seal can be fastened to the outer axis (100).